

# Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies (THUD) Appropriations for FY2019: In Brief

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Updated March 4, 2019

**Congressional Research Service** 

7-.... www.crs.gov R45487

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The House and the Senate Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies (THUD) appropriations subcommittees are charged with providing annual appropriations for the Department of Transportation (DOT), the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and certain related agencies.

Final FY2019 THUD appropriations were enacted on February 15, 2019, as Division G of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2019 (P.L. 116-6). Prior to that, DOT, HUD, and the related agencies that are generally funded in the annual THUD appropriations act were funded under a series of continuing resolutions (CRs), with the exception of December 22, 2018, through January 25, 2019, during which time funding lapsed for THUD and six other annual appropriations acts, resulting in a partial government shutdown.

### FY2019 Funding Lapse

As a result of a funding lapse, portions of the operations of the departments and agencies funded under THUD, along with those generally funded under six other annual appropriations acts, were suspended for 35 days, ending late on January 25, 2019. In some cases, operations were simply suspended, and employees were furloughed without pay. In other cases, operations continued for reasons such as they were considered essential for protection of life or property, or because an agency had funding available to continue operations. Agency contingency plans, posted on the website of the Office of Management and Budget (https://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/information-for-agencies/agency-contingency-plans/), provided information about how agencies planned to handle a lapse in appropriations. In some cases, those plans were updated over the course of the funding lapse to reflect changes in policy or operations; in other cases they were not.

#### **Department of Transportation**

A portion of DOT funding comes from contract authority, a type of mandatory funding that is provided in authorizing laws rather than through the annual appropriations process. Thus, certain offices in DOT were funded and continued to operate during the appropriations funding lapse. Other offices were operating, at least in part, due to having responsibilities related to protection of life and safety issues.

#### Department of Housing and Urban Development

According to HUD's contingency plan dated 2018, during a funding lapse the majority of agency staff would be furloughed and operations would be suspended. However, the plan states that the operations of the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) related to insuring single family mortgages largely would continue unaffected. The plan further states that HUD's rental assistance programs, which serve roughly 5 million low-income families, would continue to receive funding for as long as the agency is able to identify available resources. Agency statements during the FY2019 funding lapse indicated funding would be available to provide federal payments through February, with the exception of expiring project-based rental assistance contracts.

# **FY2019** Appropriations Actions

Tracing the status of the FY2019 THUD appropriation bill can be confusing because the process spans two Congresses (the 2<sup>nd</sup> session of the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress and the 1<sup>st</sup> session of the 116<sup>th</sup> Congress), and because more than one full-year FY2019 THUD bill was passed by the House of Representatives in the 116<sup>th</sup> Congress before final legislation was enacted.

### **Overview of Major Actions**

### Actions During the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress

• On February 12, 2018, President Trump released his FY2019 budget request to Congress.

- On March 23, 2018, final FY2018 appropriations for THUD were enacted as a part of a FY2018 omnibus appropriations act (P.L. 115-141).
- On May 23, 2018, the House Appropriations Committee approved its FY2019 THUD appropriations bill (H.R. 6072; H.Rept. 115-750). This bill was not considered by the full House before the end of the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress.
- On June 7, 2018, the Senate Appropriations Committee approved its FY2019 THUD appropriations bill (S. 3023; S.Rept. 115-268).
- On August 1, 2018, the text of S. 3023, as reported, was incorporated as Division D into an amended version of H.R. 6147 (a House-passed bill that combined the texts of the Interior-Environment and Financial Services-General Government appropriations bills) and was passed by the full Senate. House and Senate conferees for H.R. 6147 were announced on September 6, 2018.
- On September 28, 2018, a CR through December 7, 2018, was enacted as part of a consolidated full-year Defense and Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education spending bill (P.L. 115-245, Division C). The CR covered the agencies and activities generally funded under seven regular FY2019 appropriations bills that had not been enacted before the end of the fiscal year, including THUD.
- On December 7, 2018, the previous CR was extended through December 21, 2018 (P.L. 115-298).
- No further funding action was completed before the expiration of the CR on December 21, 2018, and a funding lapse affecting the unfunded portions of the federal government, including those generally funded by the THUD bill, commenced on December 22, 2018.

### Actions During the 116<sup>th</sup> Congress

- Following the start of the 116<sup>th</sup> Congress and during the funding lapse, the House passed several full-year THUD funding bills, none of which were taken up in the Senate. These include the following:
  - H.R. 21, an omnibus funding bill, which included THUD language identical to that which had passed the Senate in the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress in H.R. 6147;
  - H.R. 267, a standalone THUD bill, again containing language identical to the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress Senate-passed THUD language; and
  - H.R. 648, an omnibus funding bill containing language characterized by the chairwoman of the House Appropriations Committee as reflecting House-Senate conference negotiations on H.R. 6147 from the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress.<sup>1</sup> (The Transportation, HUD, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act of 2019 was included as Division F.)
- On January 16, 2019, the House passed H.R. 268, a supplemental appropriations bill. As passed by the House, the bill would have provided supplemental appropriations to DOT and HUD (as well as other agencies) in response to the major disasters of 2018. The bill also contained CR provisions to extend regular

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> House Committee on Appropriations, "Chairwoman Lowey Floor Statement on H.R. 648, Bipartisan Bills To Reopen Most of Federal Government," press release, January 23, 2019, https://appropriations.house.gov/news/press-releases/ chairwoman-lowey-floor-statement-on-hr-648-bipartisan-bills-to-reopen-most-of.

appropriations through February 8, 2019, for agencies and programs affected by the funding lapse.

- On January 24, 2019, the Senate considered H.R. 268, the supplemental appropriations bill that previously passed the House. One amendment, S.Amdt. 5, offered by Senator Shelby, included additional funding for border security, as well as full-year appropriations for those agencies affected by the funding lapse. The THUD provisions in Division G were identical to those that had passed the Senate in the 115<sup>th</sup> Congress in H.R. 6147. The Senate voted not to invoke cloture on S.Amdt. 5 on January 24, 2019.
- Late on January 25, 2019, a CR (H.J.Res. 28; P.L. 116-5) was enacted, providing funding through February 15, 2019, for THUD and the six other funding acts that had not received full-year funding.
- On February 15, 2019, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2019 (P.L. 116-6) was enacted providing full-year appropriations for the remaining agencies that had lacked full-year appropriations. The Transportation, HUD, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act of 2019 was included as Division G and its text mirrored that which was included in H.R. 648.

Table 1 provides an overview of funding levels under each of the relevant appropriations bills.

		(in	billions of	dollars)				
Title	FY2018 Enacted	FY2019 Request	FY2019 House Cmte.	FY2019 Senate	FY2019 House (H.R. 21)	FY2019 House (H.R. 267)	FY2019 House (H.R. 648)	FY2019 Enacted
			II5th C	ongress	II6 <sup>th</sup> Congress			
Title I: Transportation	\$27.3	\$16.1	\$27.8	\$26.6	\$26.6	\$26.6	\$26.5	\$26.5
Title II: Housing and Urban Development	\$42.7	\$31.7	\$43.7	\$44.5	\$44.5	\$44.5	\$44.2	\$44.2
Title III: Related Agencies	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$0.4
Title IV: General Provisions	a	-	-	_	_	-	а	a
Total: Discretionary Budget Authority	\$70.3	\$48.0	\$71.8	\$71.4	\$71.4	\$71.4	\$71.1	\$71.1
Total: Budgetary Resources (inc. mandatory funding) <sup>6</sup>	\$129.2	\$108.0	\$131.8	\$131.4	\$131.4	\$131.4	\$131.1	\$131.1

### Table 1.THUD Appropriations, FY2018-FY2019

**Source:** Table prepared by CRS based on P.L. 115-141, and accompanying Explanatory Statement, as published in the *Congressional Record*, March 22, 2018, beginning on p. H2872; HUD FY2019 Congressional Budget Justifications; H.R. 6072 (115<sup>th</sup> Congress) and H.Rept. 115-750; S. 3023 (115<sup>th</sup> Congress) and S.Rept. 115-268; H.R. 6147 (115<sup>th</sup> Congress); H.R. 21; H.R. 267; H.R. 648 and Explanatory Statement as published in the *Congressional Record*, January 18, 2019, beginning on p. H927; and P.L. 116-6 and H.Rept. 116-9.

Notes: Excludes emergency funding. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

- a. Amount rounds to less than \$100 million.
- b. More than half of DOT's budget comes from contract authority, a form of mandatory funding.

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