



### FEMA DRF Major Disaster Assistance: Colorado

### **Overview**

The Disaster Relief Fund (DRF) is managed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and is the primary source of funding used to provide assistance following a major disaster declaration. The authority to declare a major disaster is provided to the President under the Robert T. Stafford Emergency Relief and Disaster Assistance Act (P.L. 93-288).

The information below includes only the funding provided as a result of a major disaster declaration, not other assistance funded through the DRF. Additionally, this information does not include other federal sources of disaster assistance, such as Small Business Administration disaster loans.

FEMA administers disaster relief through regional offices around the country. Colorado is part of Region VIII, headquartered in Denver, CO.

#### Major Disaster Declarations: FY2000-FY2013

A total of seven major disaster declarations were made in the state of Colorado between FY2000 and FY2013. During that time, there were no requests for major disaster declarations that were denied. The approved declarations led to nearly \$664 million in federal obligations from the Disaster Relief Fund. This funding does not include the assistance that was provided directly by the state, either as a cost-share for federal assistance, or through the state's own authorities and programs. There was a high level of variation in the amount of funding obligated each year, with more than \$641 million obligated in FY2013. For the majority of the years in this period, there were no major disaster declarations. Figure 1 displays the total funding obligated to Colorado each year. The highest number of declarations for Colorado in a single year was three, which also occurred in FY2013.

### **Significant Incidents**

The relatively high level of obligations in FY2013 was the result of flooding in the summer of that year. That single incident led to more than \$631 million in federal obligations from the DRF, while no other incident during this period led to obligations higher than \$10 million.

## Figure 1. DRF Obligations for Declared Major Disasters in Colorado, by Fiscal Year

Figures are in millions of dollars. The number of declarations per year is in parentheses.

27	
FY2000 (0)	\$0
FY2001 (I)	56
FY2002 (I)	56
FY2003 (0)	\$0
FY2004 (0)	\$0
FY2005 (0)	50
FY2006 (0)	50
FY2007 (0)	50
FY2008 (I)	\$3
FY2009 (0)	50
FY2010 (0)	50
FY2011 (0)	50
FY2012 (1)	57
FY2013 (3)	\$641

**Source:** CRS analysis of FEMA DRF obligations data as of June 2014. **Notes:** Figures above reflect both actual obligations and projected obligations. Only obligations from the FEMA Disaster Relief Fund are included. Please consult the "Additional Resources" section for information on other federal assistance programs.

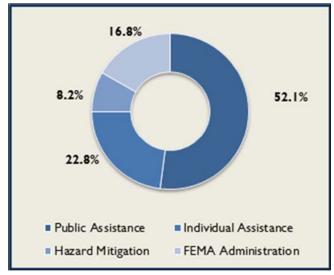
# Types of Assistance Provided for Major Disasters

A major disaster declaration can include funding for different purposes, depending on the needs of the state. These purposes include:

- Public Assistance (PA) that is used to conduct debris removal operations, repair or replace damaged public infrastructure, and other assistance;
- Individual Assistance (IA) that provides direct aid to impacted households, and other assistance;
- Hazard Mitigation (HM) that funds resilience projects and programs, typically across the whole state; and
- FEMA administrative costs associated with each disaster declaration.

The decision to provide certain types of assistance is made at the time of the major disaster declaration. For many major disasters, all of the assistance types outlined above will be authorized. For others, some assistance types will not be included. **Figure 2** compares the amounts expended for different types of assistance that were provided to Colorado from FY2000 to FY2013.

### Figure 2. DRF Assistance for Colorado, by Type (FY2000-FY2013)



Source: CRS analysis of FEMA DRF obligation data as of June 2014.

### **County Impact**

Since 2000, 65 counties or reservations in Colorado have received aid under a major disaster declaration. During that time no single county has received more than four.

## Other Assistance Funded Through the DRF

In addition to the major disasters listed above, there are also other forms of assistance that are funded through the Disaster Relief Fund. These include both Emergency Declarations and Fire Management Assistance Grants. The assistance provided for these declarations typically involves lower obligation levels than major disaster declarations, although there is significant variation across incidents.

*Emergency Declarations* are often made at the time a threat is recognized and are issued to assist state, local, and tribal efforts prior to the incident.

*Fire Management Assistance Grants* (FMAGs) provide aid for the control, management, and mitigation of fires.

#### **Additional Resources**

There are many existing CRS products that address issues related to the Disaster Relief Fund, the disaster declaration process, and federal emergency management policy. Below is a list of several of these resources:

- CRS Report R41981, Congressional Primer on Responding to Major Disasters and Emergencies
- CRS Report R43519, Natural Disasters and Hazards: CRS Experts
- CRS Report RL34146, FEMA's Disaster Declaration Process: A Primer
- CRS Report R42845, Federal Emergency Management: A Brief Introduction
- CRS Report R43537, FEMA's Disaster Relief Fund: Overview and Selected Issues
- CRS Report RL33053, Federal Stafford Act Disaster Assistance: Presidential Declarations, Eligible Activities, and Funding

FEMA is also responsible for administering the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). More information on whether your community participates in this program can be found in the NFIP Community Status Book at fema.gov.

### **CRS** Experts

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