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# Health Insurance: Uninsured by State, 2000 

Paulette C. Morgan<br>Analyst in Social Legislation<br>Domestic Science Policy Division

## Summary

An estimated $14.0 \%$ of the U.S. population lacked health insurance coverage in 2000, down from $14.3 \%$ in 1999. When examined by state, estimates of the percent uninsured ranged from a low of $5.9 \%$ in Rhode Island to a high of $23.8 \%$ in New Mexico. Generally, states in the Midwest and New England have lower rates of uninsured, while states in the Southwestern portion of the nation have higher shares of their populations without coverage.

These state-level estimates are based on the March 2001 Current Population Survey (CPS), and must be interpreted with caution because they are based on survey samples. When sampling variation is taken into account, to allow one to say with $90 \%$ reliability that the percent uninsured in the state lies between specified low and high estimates, the uninsured rate in 14 states and the District of Columbia is not different statistically from the uninsured rate nationwide. The uninsured rate is statistically lower than the national rate in 24 states, and statistically higher in the remaining 12 states.

State-level analysis is only one way to examine data about health insurance coverage. Some factors related to the percent of a state's population that is uninsured may be affected by the state, such as eligibility criteria for the state's Medicaid and State Children's Health Insurance programs or other programs for those lacking health insurance. Other factors may be beyond the state's direct control, such as the willingness of employers to offer coverage and the financial resources of the state's population to purchase coverage.

This report will be updated annually, when new data become available. For related information, see CRS Report 96-891, Health Insurance Coverage: Characteristics of Insured and Uninsured in 2000, and CRS Report 97-310, Health Insurance: Uninsured Children by State, 1998-2000.

## CRS-2

## Estimates of The Uninsured by State

An estimated $14.0 \%$ of the U.S. population lack health insurance coverage in 2000, down from $14.3 \%$ in 1999. ${ }^{1}$ Table 1 shows that the estimated percent of each state's population that lacked health insurance ${ }^{2}$ coverage in 2000 ranged from a low of $5.9 \%$ in Rhode Island to a high of $23.8 \%$ in New Mexico. Eleven states ${ }^{3}$ had estimated uninsured rates less than $10 \%$ and 2 states $^{4}$ had estimated rates greater than 20\%. Generally, states with the lowest rates of uninsurance were located in the upper Midwest and Northeast; states with the highest rates were in the Southwest (Figure 1).

These estimates of the percent of the state population without health insurance coverage are based on data from the March 2001 Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is representative of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population, and is designed to produce reliable estimates at the national, regional and state level.

The small sample sizes available from the CPS for many states make it prudent to consider state-level estimates in terms of a range of values. This range is based on sampling theory, and takes into account the size of the sample. Table 1 shows the best point estimates, or single values, for the numbers of people covered and not covered by health insurance, and the percent uninsured by state. ${ }^{5}$ The table also reports a range in values for these numbers and percentages. The size of the range depends primarily upon the sample size. Table 1 shows ranges based on a $90 \%$ confidence interval. A $90 \%$ confidence interval means that given repeated sampling of health insurance coverage in a state, 9 out of 10 times, the estimate of the percent uninsured (or number covered or not covered) will lie within the range set by the low and high estimates. For example, if one surveys people in Rhode Island about health insurance coverage, in 9 out of 10 sample surveys, on average, the percent uninsured in Rhode Island will be between $4.9 \%$ and $6.9 \%{ }^{6}$
${ }^{1}$ Due to a change in the way the number of uninsured are calculated, rates of uninsured in this report are not comparable to any previous version of this report.
${ }^{2}$ Health insurance includes, but is not limited to: Medicare; Medicaid; S-CHIP; TRICARE or the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS); the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veteran's Affairs (CHAMPVA); Veteran's Administration health care; military health care; other government provided health care; employer/union-provided insurance; and privately purchased insurance.
${ }^{3}$ Rhode Island (5.9\%), New Hampshire (6.9\%), Wisconsin (7.1\%), Pennsylvania (7.6\%), Connecticut (7.9\%), Iowa (8.7\%), Minnesota (9.0\%), Massachusetts (9.5\%), Maryland (9.8\%), Michigan ( $9.9 \%$ ), and Nebraska ( $9.9 \%$ ).
${ }^{4}$ Texas (21.5\%), and New Mexico (23.8\%).
${ }^{5}$ Table 1 shows states sorted by the percent uninsured. Table 2 reports the same data but sorts states alphabetically.
${ }^{6}$ Note that there is no way to determine if the results for Rhode Island in Table $\mathbf{1}$ are the 1 time out of 10 that a different result is obtained, where the real percent uninsured is outside the confidence interval (i.e., less than $4.9 \%$ or greater than $6.9 \%$ ).

## CRS-3

Because of the uncertainty about state-level estimates of the percent uninsured, a more statistically conservative comparison across states takes ranges of values into account. This is done in Figure 2, which groups states according to differences from the nationwide percent uninsured, considering the estimated ranges in the percent uninsured by state. When statistical variation is taken into account, 14 states and the District of Columbia have percents uninsured that are not statistically different from the nationwide rate of $14.0 \%$. (The nationwide percent uninsured has a range in estimates of between $13.8 \%$ and $14.1 \%$.) These 14 states and the District of Columbia have percents uninsured ranging from a low point estimate of $12.7 \%$ in Virginia (with a range in estimates between $11.5 \%$ and $13.9 \%$ ) to a high point estimate of $14.6 \%$ in Georgia (with a range in estimates between $13.4 \%$ and $15.8 \%$.) Twenty-four states have percents uninsured that are statistically lower than the nationwide rate. These states include all states in New England, most states in the Midwest, a few states in the eastern United States, and South Carolina. The remaining 12 states, arrayed across the South and Southwest from Louisiana to California, as well as Florida, Idaho, Montana, and New York, have uninsured rates that are statistically higher than the nationwide rate.

## Reasons for Differences in the Percent Uninsured

Figures $\mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{2}$ indicate that residents of the Southwestern United States are more likely to lack health insurance and residents of the Midwest and New England are more likely to be covered. Various state characteristics may account for these differences. Nationwide, the percent uninsured is related to employment by industry, with workers in mining, manufacturing of durable goods, professional services, finance/insurance, and public administration industries most often covered by health insurance and those employed in agriculture, and personal services least often covered. Employees who work for large firms, and their dependents, are more likely to be covered than those who work for small firms. Union members are more likely to be covered. The prevalence of particular industries, firm sizes, or unionization may account for some of the regional or state variation in percents uninsured. ${ }^{7}$

Some factors related to the percent of a state's population that is uninsured may be affected by state's policies, such as eligibility criteria for the state's Medicaid program or the State Children's Health Insurance Program. Other factors may be beyond the state's direct control, such as the willingness of employers to offer coverage and the financial resources of the state's population to purchase coverage. Only Hawaii has implemented state legislation mandating that an employer offer coverage, which is augmented with a health insurance program for the unemployed. ${ }^{8}$

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## CRS-4

## Table 1. Number of People Covered and Not Covered by Health Insurance, and Percent Not Covered, By State, 2000

Sorted by Percent Uninsured (numbers in thousands)

|  | Number covered |  |  | Number not covered |  |  | Percent not covered |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Point |  |  | Point |  |  | Point |  |  |
|  | estimate | Low | High | estimate | Low | High | estimate | Low | High |
| Rhode Island | 881 | 841 | 921 | 55 | 45 | 65 | 5.9\%* | 4.9\% | 6.9\% |
| New Hampshire | 1,155 | 1,104 | 1,206 | 85 | 71 | 99 | 6.9\%* | 5.8\% | 7.9\% |
| Wisconsin | 5,032 | 4,842 | 5,222 | 386 | 333 | 439 | 7.1\%* | 6.2\% | 8.1\% |
| Pennsylvania | 11,063 | 10,817 | 11,309 | 905 | 833 | 977 | 7.6\%* | 7.0\% | 8.1\% |
| Connecticut | 3,056 | 2,922 | 3,190 | 263 | 224 | 302 | 7.9\%* | 6.8\% | 9.1\% |
| Iowa | 2,615 | 2,511 | 2,719 | 248 | 216 | 280 | 8.7\%* | 7.6\% | 9.7\% |
| Minnesota | 4,354 | 4,186 | 4,522 | 430 | 377 | 483 | 9.0\%* | 7.9\% | 10.0\% |
| Massachusetts | 5,661 | 5,498 | 5,824 | 595 | 542 | 648 | 9.5\%* | 8.7\% | 10.3\% |
| Maryland | 4,618 | 4,425 | 4,811 | 501 | 437 | 565 | 9.8\%* | 8.6\% | 11.0\% |
| Michigan | 8,964 | 8,745 | 9,183 | 982 | 909 | 1,055 | 9.9\%* | 9.2\% | 10.6\% |
| Nebraska | 1,494 | 1,433 | 1,555 | 164 | 144 | 184 | 9.9\%* | 8.7\% | 11.0\% |
| Hawaii | 1,039 | 993 | 1,085 | 117 | 101 | 133 | 10.1\% * | 8.8\% | 11.4\% |
| Tennessee | 5,003 | 4,805 | 5,201 | 577 | 509 | 645 | 10.3\% * | 9.2\% | 11.5\% |
| Delaware | 705 | 675 | 735 | 82 | 72 | 92 | 10.4\% * | 9.2\% | 11.7\% |
| Vermont | 564 | 539 | 589 | 67 | 59 | 75 | 10.6\% * | 9.4\% | 11.9\% |
| Missouri | 4,930 | 4,732 | 5,128 | 586 | 517 | 655 | 10.6\% * | 9.4\% | 11.8\% |
| Ohio | 10,284 | 10,039 | 10,529 | 1,255 | 1,168 | 1,342 | 10.9\%* | 10.2\% | 11.6\% |
| North Dakota | 538 | 515 | 561 | 69 | 61 | 77 | 11.4\% * | 10.1\% | 12.6\% |
| Maine | 1,121 | 1,072 | 1,170 | 145 | 127 | 163 | 11.5\%* | 10.1\% | 12.8\% |
| Kansas | 2,306 | 2,212 | 2,400 | 301 | 267 | 335 | 11.5\%* | 10.3\% | 12.8\% |
| South Dakota | 615 | 590 | 640 | 82 | 73 | 91 | 11.8\%* | 10.5\% | 13.0\% |
| South Carolina | 3,321 | 3,181 | 3,461 | 448 | 396 | 500 | 11.9\%* | 10.6\% | 13.2\% |
| Indiana | 5,117 | 4,914 | 5,320 | 701 | 625 | 777 | 12.0\% * | 10.8\% | 13.3\% |
| New Jersey | 7,257 | 7,072 | 7,442 | 1,049 | 978 | 1,120 | 12.6\%* | 11.8\% | 13.4\% |
| Virginia | 6,091 | 5,862 | 6,320 | 886 | 798 | 974 | 12.7\% | 11.5\% | 13.9\% |
| Kentucky | 3,462 | 3,325 | 3,599 | 513 | 460 | 566 | 12.9\% | 11.7\% | 14.1\% |
| North Carolina | 6,541 | 6,352 | 6,730 | 980 | 906 | 1,054 | 13.0\% | 12.1\% | 13.9\% |
| Mississippi | 2,425 | 2,330 | 2,520 | 364 | 327 | 401 | 13.1\% | 11.8\% | 14.3\% |
| Colorado | 3,665 | 3,524 | 3,806 | 563 | 507 | 619 | 13.3\% | 12.1\% | 14.5\% |
| Washington | 5,075 | 4,867 | 5,283 | 780 | 698 | 862 | 13.3\% | 12.0\% | 14.6\% |
| Utah | 1,913 | 1,843 | 1,983 | 296 | 269 | 323 | 13.4\% | 12.2\% | 14.6\% |
| Alabama | 3,851 | 3,700 | 4,002 | 600 | 540 | 660 | 13.5\% | 12.2\% | 14.7\% |
| Illinois | 10,627 | 10,381 | 10,873 | 1,659 | 1,560 | 1,758 | 13.5\% | 12.8\% | 14.3\% |
| Oregon | 2,935 | 2,813 | 3,057 | 465 | 416 | 514 | 13.7\% | 12.3\% | 15.0\% |
| Arkansas | 2,261 | 2,172 | 2,350 | 364 | 328 | 400 | 13.9\% | 12.6\% | 15.1\% |
| West Virginia | 1,524 | 1,465 | 1,583 | 254 | 230 | 278 | 14.3\% | 13.0\% | 15.5\% |
| Wyoming | 418 | 401 | 435 | 70 | 63 | 77 | 14.3\% | 13.0\% | 15.7\% |
| D.C. | 434 | 414 | 454 | 73 | 65 | 81 | 14.4\% | 12.9\% | 15.9\% |
| Georgia | 6,638 | 6,406 | 6,870 | 1,135 | 1,038 | 1,232 | 14.6\% | 13.4\% | 15.8\% |
| New York | 15,608 | 15,329 | 15,887 | 2,802 | 2,681 | 2,923 | 15.2\% ** | 14.6\% | 15.8\% |
| Idaho | 1,061 | 1,020 | 1,102 | 196 | 178 | 214 | 15.6\% ** | 14.3\% | 16.9\% |
| Nevada | 1,680 | 1,614 | 1,746 | 311 | 283 | 339 | 15.6\% ** | 14.3\% | 16.9\% |
| Arizona | 4,124 | 3,971 | 4,277 | 793 | 726 | 860 | 16.1\% ** | 14.9\% | 17.4\% |
| Florida | 12,537 | 12,275 | 12,799 | 2,620 | 2,498 | 2,742 | 17.3\% ** | 16.5\% | 18.0\% |
| California | 28,454 | 28,012 | 28,896 | 6,281 | 6,064 | 6,498 | 18.1\% ** | 17.5\% | 18.7\% |
| Montana | 714 | 685 | 743 | 162 | 148 | 176 | 18.5\% ** | 17.1\% | 19.9\% |
| Louisiana | 3,423 | 3,285 | 3,561 | 810 | 743 | 877 | 19.1\% ** | 17.7\% | 20.6\% |
| Alaska | 522 | 500 | 544 | 125 | 114 | 136 | 19.3\% ** | 17.9\% | 20.8\% |
| Oklahoma | 2,651 | 2,544 | 2,758 | 636 | 584 | 688 | 19.3\% ** | 17.9\% | 20.8\% |
| Texas | 16,167 | 15,837 | 16,497 | 4,425 | 4,248 | 4,602 | 21.5\% ** | 20.7\% | 22.3\% |
| New Mexico | 1,366 | 1,309 | 1,423 | 427 | 395 | 459 | 23.8\% ** | 22.3\% | 25.4\% |
| U.S. | 237,857 | n/a | n/a | 38,683 | 38,239 | 39,127 | 14.0\% | 13.8\% | 14.1\% |

Source: Bureau of the Census, based on the March 2001 Current Population Survey; ranges computed by the Congressional Research Service.
Notes: * indicates percent uninsured is statistically lower than the national rate; ** indicates percent uninsured is statistically higher than the national rate. Range represents low and high estimates given a $90 \%$ confidence interval. n/a indicates not applicable.

# Table 2. Number of People Covered and Not Covered by Health Insurance, and Percent Not Covered, By State, 2000 

Alphabetical by State (numbers in thousands)

|  | Number covered |  |  | Number not covered |  |  | Percent not covered |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Point |  |  | Point |  |  | Point |  |  |
|  | estimate | Low | High | estimate | Low | High | estimate | Low | High |
| Alabama | 3,851 | 3,700 | 4,002 | 600 | 540 | 660 | 13.5\% | 12.2\% | 14.7\% |
| Alaska | 522 | 500 | 544 | 125 | 114 | 136 | 19.3\% ** | 17.9\% | 20.8\% |
| Arizona | 4,124 | 3,971 | 4,277 | 793 | 726 | 860 | 16.1\% ** | 14.9\% | 17.4\% |
| Arkansas | 2,261 | 2,172 | 2,350 | 364 | 328 | 400 | 13.9\% | 12.6\% | 15.1\% |
| California | 28,454 | 28,012 | 28,896 | 6,281 | 6,064 | 6,498 | 18.1\% ** | 17.5\% | 18.7\% |
| Colorado | 3,665 | 3,524 | 3,806 | 563 | 507 | 619 | 13.3\% | 12.1\% | 14.5\% |
| Connecticut | 3,056 | 2,922 | 3,190 | 263 | 224 | 302 | 7.9\% * | 6.8\% | 9.1\% |
| Delaware | 705 | 675 | 735 | 82 | 72 | 92 | 10.4\% * | 9.2\% | 11.7\% |
| D.C. | 434 | 414 | 454 | 73 | 65 | 81 | 14.4\% | 12.9\% | 15.9\% |
| Florida | 12,537 | 12,275 | 12,799 | 2,620 | 2,498 | 2,742 | 17.3\% ** | 16.5\% | 18.0\% |
| Georgia | 6,638 | 6,406 | 6,870 | 1,135 | 1,038 | 1,232 | 14.6\% | 13.4\% | 15.8\% |
| Hawaii | 1,039 | 993 | 1,085 | 117 | 101 | 133 | 10.1\%* | 8.8\% | 11.4\% |
| Idaho | 1,061 | 1,020 | 1,102 | 196 | 178 | 214 | 15.6\% ** | 14.3\% | 16.9\% |
| Illinois | 10,627 | 10,381 | 10,873 | 1,659 | 1,560 | 1,758 | 13.5\% | 12.8\% | 14.3\% |
| Indiana | 5,117 | 4,914 | 5,320 | 701 | 625 | 777 | 12.0\% * | 10.8\% | 13.3\% |
| Iowa | 2,615 | 2,511 | 2,719 | 248 | 216 | 280 | 8.7\%* | 7.6\% | 9.7\% |
| Kansas | 2,306 | 2,212 | 2,400 | 301 | 267 | 335 | 11.5\%* | 10.3\% | 12.8\% |
| Kentucky | 3,462 | 3,325 | 3,599 | 513 | 460 | 566 | 12.9\% | 11.7\% | 14.1\% |
| Louisiana | 3,423 | 3,285 | 3,561 | 810 | 743 | 877 | 19.1\% ** | 17.7\% | 20.6\% |
| Maine | 1,121 | 1,072 | 1,170 | 145 | 127 | 163 | 11.5\% * | 10.1\% | 12.8\% |
| Maryland | 4,618 | 4,425 | 4,811 | 501 | 437 | 565 | 9.8\%* | 8.6\% | 11.0\% |
| Massachusetts | 5,661 | 5,498 | 5,824 | 595 | 542 | 648 | 9.5\%* | 8.7\% | 10.3\% |
| Michigan | 8,964 | 8,745 | 9,183 | 982 | 909 | 1,055 | 9.9\%* | 9.2\% | 10.6\% |
| Minnesota | 4,354 | 4,186 | 4,522 | 430 | 377 | 483 | 9.0\% * | 7.9\% | 10.0\% |
| Mississippi | 2,425 | 2,330 | 2,520 | 364 | 327 | 401 | 13.1\% | 11.8\% | 14.3\% |
| Missouri | 4,930 | 4,732 | 5,128 | 586 | 517 | 655 | 10.6\% * | 9.4\% | 11.8\% |
| Montana | 714 | 685 | 743 | 162 | 148 | 176 | 18.5\% ** | 17.1\% | 19.9\% |
| Nebraska | 1,494 | 1,433 | 1,555 | 164 | 144 | 184 | 9.9\% * | 8.7\% | 11.0\% |
| Nevada | 1,680 | 1,614 | 1,746 | 311 | 283 | 339 | 15.6\% ** | 14.3\% | 16.9\% |
| New Hampshire | 1,155 | 1,104 | 1,206 | 85 | 71 | 99 | 6.9\% * | 5.8\% | 7.9\% |
| New Jersey | 7,257 | 7,072 | 7,442 | 1,049 | 978 | 1,120 | 12.6\% * | 11.8\% | 13.4\% |
| New Mexico | 1,366 | 1,309 | 1,423 | 427 | 395 | 459 | 23.8\% ** | 22.3\% | 25.4\% |
| New York | 15,608 | 15,329 | 15,887 | 2,802 | 2,681 | 2,923 | 15.2\% ** | 14.6\% | 15.8\% |
| North Carolina | 6,541 | 6,352 | 6,730 | 980 | 906 | 1,054 | 13.0\% | 12.1\% | 13.9\% |
| North Dakota | 538 | 515 | 561 | 69 | 61 | 77 | 11.4\%* | 10.1\% | 12.6\% |
| Ohio | 10,284 | 10,039 | 10,529 | 1,255 | 1,168 | 1,342 | 10.9\% * | 10.2\% | 11.6\% |
| Oklahoma | 2,651 | 2,544 | 2,758 | 636 | 584 | 688 | 19.3\% ** | 17.9\% | 20.8\% |
| Oregon | 2,935 | 2,813 | 3,057 | 465 | 416 | 514 | 13.7\% | 12.3\% | 15.0\% |
| Pennsylvania | 11,063 | 10,817 | 11,309 | 905 | 833 | 977 | 7.6\% * | 7.0\% | 8.1\% |
| Rhode Island | 881 | 841 | 921 | 55 | 45 | 65 | 5.9\%* | 4.9\% | 6.9\% |
| South Carolina | 3,321 | 3,181 | 3,461 | 448 | 396 | 500 | 11.9\%* | 10.6\% | 13.2\% |
| South Dakota | 615 | 590 | 640 | 82 | 73 | 91 | 11.8\%* | 10.5\% | 13.0\% |
| Tennessee | 5,003 | 4,805 | 5,201 | 577 | 509 | 645 | 10.3\%* | 9.2\% | 11.5\% |
| Texas | 16,167 | 15,837 | 16,497 | 4,425 | 4,248 | 4,602 | 21.5\%** | 20.7\% | 22.3\% |
| Utah | 1,913 | 1,843 | 1,983 | 296 | 269 | 323 | 13.4\% | 12.2\% | 14.6\% |
| Vermont | 564 | 539 | 589 | 67 | 59 | 75 | 10.6\% * | 9.4\% | 11.9\% |
| Virginia | 6,091 | 5,862 | 6,320 | 886 | 798 | 974 | 12.7\% | 11.5\% | 13.9\% |
| Washington | 5,075 | 4,867 | 5,283 | 780 | 698 | 862 | 13.3\% | 12.0\% | 14.6\% |
| West Virginia | 1,524 | 1,465 | 1,583 | 254 | 230 | 278 | 14.3\% | 13.0\% | 15.5\% |
| Wisconsin | 5,032 | 4,842 | 5,222 | 386 | 333 | 439 | 7.1\% * | 6.2\% | 8.1\% |
| Wyoming | 418 | 401 | 435 | 70 | 63 | 77 | 14.3\% | 13.0\% | 15.7\% |
| U.S. | 237,857 | n/a | n/a | 38,683 | 38,239 | 39,127 | 14.0\% | 13.8\% | 14.1\% |

Source: Bureau of the Census, based on the March 2001 Current Population Survey; ranges computed by the Congressional Research Service.
Note: * indicates percent uninsured is statistically lower than the national rate; ** indicates percent uninsured is statistically higher than the national rate. Range represents low and high estimates given a $90 \%$ confidence interval. n/a indicates not applicable.

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Figure 1. Percent Uninsured by State, 2000


Figure 2. Percent Uninsured by State, 2000

## Accounting for Statistical Variation in Estimates




[^0]:    ${ }^{7}$ For additional information, see CRS Report 96-891, Health Insurance Coverage: Characteristics of the Insured and Uninsured Populations in 2000, by Chris Peterson.
    ${ }^{8}$ Hawaii received a congressional exemption from the Federal Employee Retirement and Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) to permit the employer mandate. No other state has received a similar exemption.

