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# Congressional Overrides of Presidential Vetoes

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#### **Summary**

The President's veto authority is among his most significant tools in legislative dealings with Congress. It is effective not only in preventing the passage of legislation undesirable to the President, but also as a threat, sometimes forcing Congress to modify legislation before it is presented to the President. Students of executive-legislative relations suggest that Congress's strength rests with passing statutes and the President's in vetoing them. Illustrative of this point is the fact that Presidents have vetoed 1,484 bills and Congress has overridden only 106 of them.

President William Clinton has vetoed 37 bills. Congress has overridden two of these vetoes, one was pocket vetoed. As a veto threat is carried out, Congress is faced with choices: letting the veto stand, the difficult task of overriding the veto, meeting the President's objections and sending a new bill forward, or resubmitting the same provisions under a new bill number. In the case of vetoed appropriations bills, the result can be the closure of federal agencies and the furlough of hundreds of thousands of federal employees, with the inevitable disruption of federal programs and services. see CRS Report 98-156, *The Presidential Veto and Congressional Procedure*, CRS Report 98-148, *Presidential Vetoes*, 1789-Present: A Summary Overview, and CRS Report 98-147, President Clinton's Vetoes. All veto reports are updated regularly.

### **Background**

Historically, the veto power granted the President in the Constitution has proven to be an effective tool for the Chief Executive in his dealings with Congress. Article I, Section 7 of the Constitution provides, in effect, that a President needs the vote of only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> H.R. 1854 was vetoed October 3, 1995. See: Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 1996—Veto Message from the President of the United States (H.Doc.No. 104-122), in *Congressional Record*, daily edition, vol. 141, Oct. 6, 1995, pp. H 9741-9742. H.R. 2492, the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 1996, identical to H.R. 1854, passed the House October 31, passed the Senate November 2, and was signed into law on November 19 (P.L. 104-53).

one more than one-third in either the House of Representatives or the Senate to sustain a veto. Congressional procedure and tradition, not the Constitution, have determined that a vote of two-thirds of either or both houses of Congress means a vote of two-thirds of those Members present and voting (provided there is a quorum) and not, as is the practice in some states, two-thirds of those elected.

The Constitution states that, when the President vetoes a bill, "he shall return it with his objections to the House in which it shall have originated." This type of veto is referred to as a regular or return veto. The returned veto then becomes a question of "high privilege," or, in other words, takes precedence over other pending business before Congress. Neither house, however, is under any legal, constitutional, or procedural obligation to schedule an override vote attempt, but may do so anytime during a Congress. It is not unusual for Congress to make no effort to override a President's veto if party leaders feel they do not have sufficient votes. In still other cases, vetoes have been challenged and sustained in one house, eliminating the need for a vote in the other chamber.

Although a measure may have passed originally by a large majority vote in both Houses, a two-thirds majority of those present in each chamber is required to override the President's veto. Prior to 1969, Congress overrode approximately 1 of every 18 (5.7%) regular vetoes. Since 1969, Congress has been more successful, overriding about 1 out of every 5 (18.3%) regular vetoes. See Table 1.

1. Vetoes Overridden, 1789-Present

	Regular	Override	•	Regular	
President	Veto	Override	President	Veto	Override
Washington	2	_	B. Harrison	19	1
Adams	_	_	Cleveland	_	_
Jefferson	_	_	(2nd term)	42	5
Madison	5	_	McKinley	6	_
Monroe	1	_	T. Roosevelt	42	1
J.Q. Adams	_	_	Taft	30	1
Jackson	5	_	Wilson	33	6
Van Buren	_	_	Harding	5	_
W.H. Harrison	_	_	Coolidge	20	4
Tyler	6	1	Hoover	21	3
Polk	2	_	F.D. Roosevelt	372	9
Taylor	_	_	Truman	180	12
Fillmore	_	_	Eisenhower	73	2
Pierce	9	5	Kennedy	12	_
Buchanan	4	_	L.B. Johnson	16	_
Lincoln	2	_	Nixon	26	7
A. Johnson	21	15	Ford	48	12
Grant	45	4	Carter	13	2
Hayes	12	1	Reagan	39	9
Garfield	_	_	Bush	29	1
Arthur	4	1	Clinton	36	2
Cleveland (1st term)	304	2	Totals	1484	106

#### **President Clinton's Vetoes**

Of the 37 vetoes exercised by President Clinton, all but 1 have been regular vetoes, which have been returned to Congress and subject to congressional override votes. Table 2 provides information about the Clinton vetoes.

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## 2. President Clinton's Vetoes

Bill Number	Date of Veto	Title	Override Attempt
H.R. 1158	06/07/95	Second Supplemental Appropriations and Rescissions Act for FY1995	No attempt.
S. 21	08/11/95	Bosnia and Herzegovina Self-Defense Act of 1995	No attempt.
H.R. 1854	10/03/95	Legislative Branch Appropriations for FY1996	No attempt.
H.R. 2586	11/13/95	Increase in the Statutory Debt Limit	No attempt.
H.J. Res. 115	11/14/95	Second Continuing Resolution for FY1996	No attempt.
H.R. 2491	12/06/95	Budget Reconciliation	No attempt.
H.R. 1977	12/18/95	Interior Appropriations for FY1996	House sustained 01/04/96 by 239-177.
H.R. 2099	12/18/95	Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations for FY1996	No attempt.
H.R. 2076	12/19/95	Commerce, Justice, and State Appropriations for FY1996	House sustained 01/03/96 by 240-159.
H.R. 1058	12/19/95	Securities Litigation Reform Act	House overrode 12/20/95 by 319-100. Senate overrode 12/22/95 by 68-30. Public Law 104-67.
H.R. 1530	12/28/95	Defense Authorizations for FY1996	House sustained 01/03/96 by 240-156.
H.R. 4	01/09/96	Welfare Reform Act	No attempt.
H.R. 1833	04/10/96	Partial-Birth Abortion Ban Act of 1995	House overrode 09/19/96 by 285-137. Senate sustained 09/26/96 by 57-41.
H.R. 1561	04/12/96	American Overseas Interest Act of 1996	House sustained 04/30/96 by 234-188.
H.R. 956	05/02/96	Common Sense Product Liability Legal Reform Act of 1996	House sustained 05/09/96 by 258-163.
H.R. 743	06/30/96	Teamwork for Employees and Managers Act of 1996	No attempt.
H.R. 2909	10/02/96	Amends Silvio O. Conte National Fish and Wildlife Refuge Act	No attempt.
H.R. 1469	06/09/97	Flood Relief Bill	No attempt.
H.R. 1122	10/10/97	Partial Birth Abortion	House overrode 07/23/98 by 296-132. Senate sustained 09/18/98 by 64-36.
H.R. 2631	11/13/97	Disapproving Cancellations	House overrode 02/05/98 by 347-69. Senate overrode 02/25/98 by 78-20. P.L. 105-159.
S. 1502	05/20/98	D.C. Student Vouchers	No attempt.
H.R. 2709	06/23/98	Iran Sanctions bill	No attempt.
H.R. 2646	07/21/98	Education Savings Account	No attempt.
H.R. 4101	10/07/98	FY1999 Agriculture Appropriations	No attempt.
H.R. 1757	10/21/98	Foreign Affairs Reform	No attempt.
H.R. 2488	09/23/99	Tax Relief Bill	No attempt.
H.R. 2587	09/28/99	D.C. Appropriations, FY2000	No attempt.
H.R. 2606	10/18/99	FY00 Foreign Operations Spending	No attempt.
H.R. 2670	10/26/99	Commerce, Justice, and State Appropriations, FY00 No attempt.	
H.R. 3064	11/03/99	District of Columbia Appropriations, FY2000 No attempt.	
S. 1287	04/25/00	Nuclear Waste Policy Amendments of 2000	Senate sustained 05/03/00 by 64-35.

Bill Number	Date of Veto	Title	Override Attempt
H.R. 4810	08/05/00	Marriage Tax Relief Bill	House sustained 09/13/00 by 270-158.
H.R. 8	08/31/00	Estate Tax Elimination Act	House sustained 09/07/00 by 274-157.
H.R. 4733	10/07/00	Energy and Water Development Appropriations	House overrode 10/11/00 by 315-98. Senate referred veto to committee.
H.R. 4516	10/30/00	Legislative Branch and Treasury Appropriations	No attempt.
H.R. 4392	11/04/00	Intelligence Reauthorization Bill	No attempt.
H.R. 2415	12/19/00	Consumer Bankruptcy Overhaul Act	Pocket veto

#### References

- U.S. Congress, Secretary of the Senate, *Presidential Vetoes*, 1789-1988 (Washington: GP0, 1992), 595 pp. S. Pub. 102-12.
- U.S. Congress, Secretary of the Senate, *Presidential Vetoes*, 1989-1991 (Washington: GPO, 1992), 12 pp. S. Pub. 102-13.

#### **CRS Reports**

- CRS Report 98-156. *The Presidential Veto and Congressional Procedure*, by Gary L. Galemore.
- CRS Report 98-148. *Presidential Vetoes, 1789-Present: A Summary Overview*, by Gary L. Galemore.
- CRS Report 98-147. President Clinton's Vetoes, by Gary L. Galemore.